

Ch. 2.2: Guiding Questions; pg. 94-103

Directions: While reading the text, answer the following questions on a separate piece of paper. You do not need to write in complete sentences.

1. What advantages did the North have over the South in the beginning of the Civil War?
2. What disadvantage did the South face during the war?
3. Why was the Civil War considered the first modern war?
4. When did the War begin?
5. Who was the president of the Confederacy? What, did he say, was the reason why the South was fighting this war?
6. Why was it significant that the North was able to gain control of the lower Mississippi?
7. Why is the battle of Antietam significant?
8. What does victory at Antietam convince President Lincoln to do?
9. Why did Lincoln issue the Emancipation Proclamation?
10. Explain how and why disease became one of the biggest causes of death during the war.
11. Why was victory at Vicksburg vital to Northern success?
12. Why is Gettysburg considered “a turning point” in the war?
13. Describe what General Sherman did to the South.
14. What did the 13th amendment do?
15. When did the Civil War finally conclude?
16. How did Lincoln plan to deal with the South now that the war was over?
17. Describe the difference between Lincoln’s plan for Reconstruction and that of the Radical Republicans.
18. What does the 14th amendment accomplish? How is it considered a ‘turning point’ in political and legal history?
19. Why did Johnson not run for reelection in 1868?
20. What did the 15th amendment do? What were Southerners reaction to this?
21. What is a carpetbagger? A scalawag?
22. In exchange for Rutherford B. Hayes becoming president through the Compromise of 1877, what did the South receive?